

NDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1956.

WALTER TIMME, NEUROLOGIST, 81

CP

Specialist in Endocrinology
Is Dead—Long Associated
With Institute Here

Special to The New York Times.

ST. PETERSBURG, Fla., Feb. 12—Dr. Walter Timme of Cold Spring, N. Y., a neurologist who practiced in New York City for many years, died here today. He would have been 82 years old on Feb. 24.

Throughout his career Dr. Timme specialized in neurology and the newer department of endocrinology. His researches in the physiology and pathology of the endocrine system were the subject of many monographs and a book, "Lectures on Endocrinology." He was the first authority to describe a pluriglandular disease of the internal glandular system known to the medical profession as "Timme's syndrome."

Long associated with the Neurological Institute of New York, Dr. Timme was the first Professor of Neuroendocrinology at the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia University.

Dr. Timme was born in New York. His father, Frederick J. E. Timme, had been associated with Leopold Damrosch in organizing the Oratorio Society there. The doctor, too, was a patron of music and the arts.

An 1893 graduate of City College, Dr. Timme was a former president of its Alumni Association. He received his medical degree from Columbia in 1897. Later, he studied at the University of Berlin and in Munich and Paris.

Dr. Timme was associated with the Vanderbilt Clinic from 1898 to 1901, and was chief neurologist there from 1914 to 1916. The Vanderbilt Clinic and the Neurological Institute are now units of the Columbia Presbyterian Medical Center.

Joining the staff of the Neurological Institute in 1910, Dr. Timme served as senior attending physician there from 1918 to 1936 and as director of its Neuro-Endocrine Department from 1918 to 1937.

Was Military Director

During World War I, Dr. Timme served as military director at the institute.

Dr. Timme had been a professor of neurology at the Post Graduate Hospital in 1916 and 1917 and Professor of Clinical Neurology at Columbia from 1929 to 1937. He had been a consulting neurologist to the Broad Street, Volunteer, and Randalls Island Hospitals in

ST. PETERSBURG, Fla., Feb. 12.—Dr. Walter Timme of Cold Spring, N. Y., a neurologist who practiced in New York City for many years, died here today. He would have been 82 years old on Feb. 24.

Throughout his career Dr. Timme specialized in neurology and the newer department of endocrinology. His researches in the physiology and pathology of the endocrine system were the subject of many monographs and a book, "Lectures on Endocrinology." He was the first authority to describe a pluriglandular disease of the internal glandular system known to the medical profession as "Timme's syndrome."

Long associated with the Neurological Institute of New York, Dr. Timme was the first Professor of Neuroendocrinology at the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia University.

Dr. Timme was born in New York. His father, Frederick J. E. Timme, had been associated with Leopold Damrosch in organizing the Oratorio Society there. The doctor, too, was a patron of music and the arts.

An 1893 graduate of City College, Dr. Timme was a former president of its Alumni Association. He received his medical degree from Columbia in 1897. Later, he studied at the University of Berlin and in Munich and Paris.

Dr. Timme was associated with the Vanderbilt Clinic from 1898 to 1901, and was chief neurologist there from 1914 to 1916. The Vanderbilt Clinic and the Neurological Institute are now units of the Columbia Presbyterian Medical Center.

Joining the staff of the Neurological Institute in 1910, Dr. Timme served as senior attending physician there from 1918 to 1936 and as director of its Neuro-Endocrine Department from 1918 to 1937.

Was Military Director

During World War I, Dr. Timme served as military director at the institute.

Dr. Timme had been a professor of neurology at the Post Graduate Hospital in 1916 and 1917 and Professor of Clinical Neurology at Columbia from 1929 to 1937. He had been a consulting neurologist to the Broad Street, Volunteer and Randalls Island Hospitals in New York and the New Rochelle Hospital.

Dr. Timme had been chairman of the American Medical Association's section on neurology and psychology. He was a former president of the New York Neurological Society, the Association for the Study of Internal Secretions and the New York Endocrinological Society. He founded the Association for Research in Nervous and Mental Diseases, serving as its president from 1919 to 1929, and again in 1936. He was a senior member of the American Neurological Association.

Dr. Timme's first wife, Mrs. Ida Haar Timme, an early leader in the birth control movement, died in February, 1940. In July, 1951, he married Anne Auwell Kane.